The Honorable Glenn "GT" Thompson Chair House Committee on Agriculture 1301 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable David Scott Ranking Member House Committee on Agriculture 1010 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Debbie Stabenow Chair Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry 328A Russell Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable John Boozman Ranking Member Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry 328A Russell Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chair Thompson, Chair Stabenow, Ranking Member Scott, and Ranking Member Boozman,

We write to express our great concern with a rule recently finalized by EPA regarding plant-incorporated protectants (PIP) derived from gene editing. The rule as finalized will suppress access to agricultural innovations greatly needed to reduce inputs, adapt to a changing climate and, respond to increased pest and disease challenges while maintaining a safe, reliable, and affordable food system for a growing global population. This rule will disproportionally stifle innovation by publicly supported federal and academic plant breeders and smaller plant breeding companies, inhibiting their development of new varieties, particularly of specialty and other smaller acreage crops.

PIPs are a broad class of substances that plants produce to protect themselves from pests and pathogens, much like the human immune system. These characteristics have been sought after by plant breeders for centuries. Under longstanding rules, EPA exempts conventionally bred PIPs from regulation under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) due to the history of safe use and the fact that they are inherently low-risk substances to humans and the environment.

In the final rule, EPA recognizes that PIPs created through gene editing from a sexually compatible plant and loss-of-function modifications, "pose no greater risk than the PIPs created through conventional breeding that have been exempt [from FIFRA] since 2001." The Agency claims the new exemptions are "reducing the regulatory burden for the regulated community," and will "result in increased research and development activities, commercialization of new pest control options for farmers, particularly in minor crops, and increase the diversity of options for pest and disease management, which could provide environmental benefits."

However, we find EPA's claims inaccurate since the rule applies different compliance requirements between conventionally bred PIP and equivalent PIP developed using gene editing. Developers of PIPs created through gene editing from a sexually compatible plant are required to undertake a mandatory premarket process to confirm "eligibility" for the exemption and are subject to a recordkeeping requirement not imposed on conventionally bred PIPs. Further, any PIPs created through gene editing from a sexually compatible plant that do not qualify for the exemptions would be subject to full EPA registration. This is not "reducing the regulatory burden" and will hinder, not incentivize, research and development in crops that most need innovation and can less afford scientifically unjustified regulatory hurdles. These crops are disproportionately specialty and small acreage crops that have historically relied on public sector, academic institutions, and smaller companies for new improved varieties.

EPA's newly published regulation creating "PIPs created through genetic engineering from a sexually compatible plant" and "loss-of-function PIPs" is not risk-based, science-based and focuses on process of development rather than product. We ask that Congress take the necessary steps to ensure that U.S. agriculture can continue to innovate and respond to the environmental and crop production challenges we

face. The undersigned request that Congress direct EPA to withdraw the current rule and replace it with one that appropriately considers risk and benefits of PIPs created through gene editing from a sexually compatible plant and loss-of-function PIPs and treats them as equivalent to conventionally bred plant characteristics.

Thank you, and we stand ready to assist you in cultivating a risk-appropriate, science-based regulatory system for these vital innovations.

Sincerely,

Agricultural Retailers Association American Farm Bureau Federation American Seed Trade Association American Society of Plant Biologists American Soybean Association American Sugarbeet Growers Association Arkansas Rice Growers Association **Biotechnology Innovation Organization** California Avocado Commission California Citrus Mutual California Fresh Fruit Association California Seed Association California Specialty Crops Council California Walnut Commission **Cherry Marketing Institute** Controlled Environment Agriculture Alliance **CropLife America** Crop Science Society of America Florida Citrus Mutual Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association Florida Tomato Exchange Georgia Fruit and Vegetable Growers Association **Global Banana Sustainability Alliance** Hop Growers of America Idaho-Oregon Fruit and Vegetable Association Illinois Soybean Association Independent Professional Seed Association International Fresh Produce Association Michigan Agri-Business Association Michigan Asparagus Association Michigan Apple Association Michigan Farm Bureau Michigan Soybean Association Michigan Vegetable Council National Alliance of Independent Crop Consultants National Association of Plant Breeders National Association of State Departments of Aariculture National Association of Wheat Growers National Corn Growers Association National Cotton Council National Council of Farmer Cooperatives National Onion Association

National Potato Council National Sorghum Producers National Watermelon Association Ohio AgriBusiness Association Pacific Seed Association Pennsylvania Vegetable Growers Association Society of American Florists South Dakota Agri-Business Association Southern Crop Production Association Synergistic Hawaii Agriculture Council Texas Citrus Mutual Texas Seed Trade Association Texas International Produce Association The Fertilizer Institute **USA Rice** U.S. Apple Association U.S. Canola Association Western Growers