

THE GENETICS OF COTTON FIBER INITIATION

Rickie B. Turley
Stoneville, MS

Abstract

To study the cellular mechanisms involved in fiber initiation, three fiberless lines were crossed with wildtype and fuzzless seed cotton and the F_1 , F_2 and BC_1 progeny ratios are presently being evaluated. The three fiberless lines included: MD17 ($N_1N_1n_2n_2$), SL1-7-1 ($N_1N_1fl_1fl_1n_3n_3$) and XZ142w (two genotypes reported, $n_2n_2li_3li_3$ and $n_1n_1n_2n_2li_3li_3li_4li_4$). With two reported genotypes for XZ142w, the first problem is to determine if either genotype is correct. The latter genotype ($n_1n_1n_2n_2li_3li_3li_4li_4$) was dismissed after the evaluation of a proposed modification of genetic functions of the fuzzless seed loci and the lack of lintless, fuzzy phenotypes in the F_2 progeny. The two loci model was evaluated with the F_1 and F_2 progenies of crosses DP5690 X XZ142w and XZFuzz X XZ142w. Both DP5690 and XZFuzz are genotype $N_2N_2Li_3Li_3$. For the DP5690 X XZ142w cross all F_1 progeny had fuzzy seed verifying that XZ142w was homozygous for the recessive fuzzless seed allele n_2n_2 and the F_2 segregated 361F:100N:31fls (F=fuzzy seed, N=fuzzless seed and fls=fiberless) with a $X^2_{12F:3N:1fls, 2df}=0.8266$, $P=0.66148$. For the XZFuzz X XZ142w cross all F_1 progeny were again fuzzy seed and the F_2 segregated 372F:102N:31fls with a $X^2_{12F:3N:1fls, 2df}=0.6950$, $P=0.70643$. These data fit the two loci model very well. The BC_1 populations were generated by crossing 143 (n_2n_2) X XZ142w and then crossing the F_1 X 143 with the expected ratio of 100% fuzzless seed was validated by the 167N plants in the population. The F_1 X XZ142w population of 123N:116fls with a $X^2_{1:1, 1df}=0.2050$, $P=0.65070$. These data indicate that XZ142w has two recessive loci which interact during ovule development to produce a fiberless ovule.